



三清山世界地质公园范围图 The Location of Sanqingshan UNESCO Global Geopark

公园概况 Introduction to Sanqingshan UNESCO Global Geopark

三清山世界地质公园位于中国江西省上饶市境内，面积229.5平方千米，主峰玉京峰海拔1819.9米。三清山于2012年9月加入联合国教科文组织世界地质公园网络，是一座以奇峰异石等花岗岩峰林地貌景观为特色，融虬松、飞瀑、流泉、云海、松涛等自然景观和1600余年中国道教文化于一体的科学公园。

1 巨蟒出山 Python Slithers out of Mountain

三清山三大绝景之一。此花岗岩峰柱高达128米，直径7-10米不等，顶部粗，中部略细，犹如巨蟒破山而出，故名“巨蟒出山”。

2 东方女神 Oriental Goddess Peak

三清山三大绝景之一。高86米的花岗岩峰柱酷似一位秀发披肩的东方少女端坐于群峰之间，故名“东方女神”。

3 万笏朝天 Millions of Tablets Point to the Sky

是由7个直立的峰柱组成的花岗岩峰墙景观。峰柱犹如中国古代百官朝圣时手持的笏板，故得此名。

4 杜鹃谷 Azalea Valley

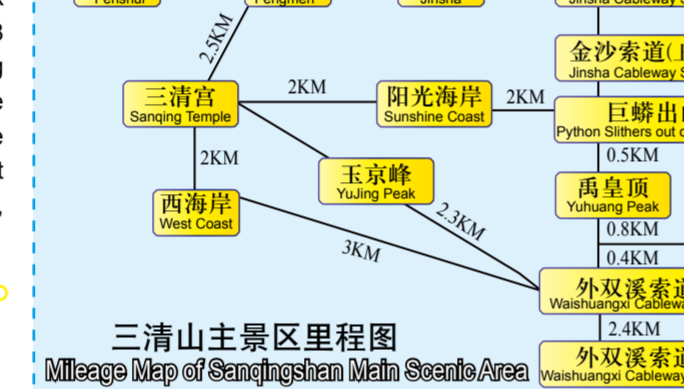
方圆数百亩的千年杜鹃谷，杜鹃花开时节，芬芳满山，殊为可观。

5 玉台 Jade Platform

为观赏平台，看日出日落最佳的地方。尤其是雨后初晴，红日从万顷银波中一跃而出，霎那间天地辉煌，磅礴之势不是用言语可以形容的。



三清山主景区里程图 Mileage Map of Sanqingshan Main Scenic Area



6 一线天 A Glimpse of Sky

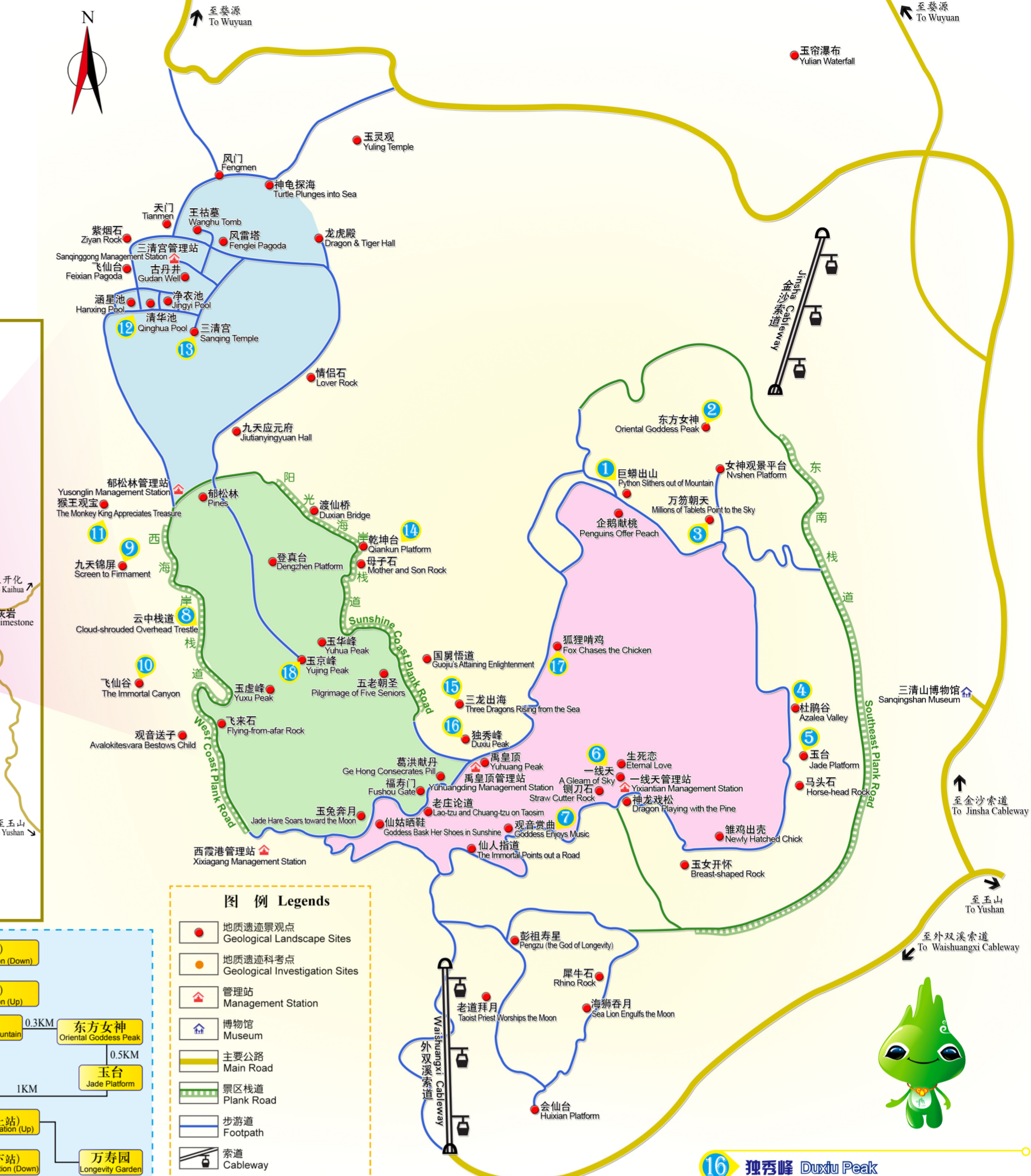
此处两壁夹峙，中开一缝，宽仅0.7-1米，缝中仰望蓝天如一线，故名“一线天”。它是流水等沿花岗岩体的垂直裂隙（节理）对岩体进行强烈风化、侵蚀形成的沟壑，一共299级台阶，象征爱情天长地久。

7 观音赏曲 Goddess Enjoys Music

三清山三大绝景之一。位于梯云岭天门群峰之中，由三座山峰叠合而成，第一峰上尖下圆，状如琵琶；第二峰状如和尚打坐，左腿微跷，置琵琶于腿，仿佛正在弹奏；第三峰酷似南海观音，神态庄严，无限慈悲。

8 云中栈道 Cloud-shrouded Overhead Trestle

这是三清山的一大人造奇观。西海岸的游步道完全由高空栈道构成的，全长4000米，其中有1600多米架设在悬崖峭壁上。



9 九天锦屏 Screen to Firmament

此花岗岩山峰呈墙状分布，墙体直立，表面平整，形似锦屏，因而得名“九天锦屏”。

10 飞仙谷 The Immortal Canyon

飞仙谷是西海岸气势最为磅礴，地形最为险峻的大峡谷。峡谷全长约2500米，断面呈V字形，切割深度超过300米，两侧为悬崖峭壁，人不能通行，唯有仙人可以飞越，故称“飞仙谷”。

11 猴王观宝 The Monkey King Appreciates Treasure

此花岗岩巨石高约7米，直径约4米，状似一个手捧宝物的猴王，独坐山顶，故名“猴王观宝”。它是花岗岩体受裂隙（节理）切割后，经重力崩塌，球状风化等作用而形成的象形景观。

12 涵星池、清华池 Hanxing Pool and Qinghua Pool

为残留的花岗岩体原始岩凹，岩凹上部的围岩遭受风化剥蚀后形成洼地积水成池。

13 三清宫 Sanqing Temple

三清宫坐落在三清山中心区域山谷盆地，坐南朝北，木石结构，始建于宋乾道六年（公元1170年），因供奉道教三清尊神而得名，是三清山道教宫观主要建筑之一，也是三清山道教宫观建筑八卦形制的中心。

14 乾坤台 Qiankun Platform

为双层钢化玻璃延伸出去的高空观景平台，乾是天，坤是地，天地合一，故为乾坤台。

15 三龙出海 Three Dragons Rising from the Sea

三根高达60米的花岗岩峰柱，如三条银龙跃出海面，飞腾于群山，故名“三龙出海”。它是花岗岩体被两组不同方向的垂直裂隙（节理）切割，并遭受风化、流水侵蚀和重力崩塌等作用而形成的。

16 独秀峰 Duxiu Peak

此花岗岩峰柱傲然挺拔，兀立幽谷，侧有一棵青松独秀，故名独秀峰。它是花岗岩体沿垂直的裂隙（节理）经风化侵蚀，并发生强烈的重力崩塌形成的。

17 狐狸啃鸡 Fox Chases the Chicken

此花岗岩石柱顶部的两块巨石，一石如狐，一石如鸡，狐戏公鸡，妙趣横生，故名“狐狸啃鸡”。它是花岗岩体被几组裂隙（节理）切割，并遭受差异风化、流水侵蚀和重力崩塌等作用而形成的。

18 玉京峰 Yujing Peak

三清山最高峰，海拔1819.9米，气势雄伟，高耸云天，是观赏日出、日落的绝佳位置。

1 寒武纪黑色页岩 Black Shale from Cambrian Period



这种黑色页岩是形成于距今5.4亿年(寒武纪早期)的黑色沉积岩。在寒武纪早期,大量的早期原始低等生命开始繁殖,后因缺氧大量死亡,经过长期的沉积作用才形成了这种岩石。

This black shale is a kind of black sedimentary rock formed 540 million years ago (early Cambrian period). In the early Cambrian period, a large number of lower-grade organisms bloomed and died in huge numbers due to a lack of oxygen. Then the rock was formed by deposition over a long time.

2 南华纪冰碛岩 Tillite in Nanhuan Period



距今约6-7亿年间的元古代南华纪时期,整个地球曾被冰雪覆盖,称为“雪球事件”。当时的三清山地区处于浅海边缘,但被冰川包围,大量冰筏(冰山)落入海中后,其携带物在海洋沉积,形成冰碛岩。

During the Neoproterozoic Nanhuan period from 600 to 700 million years ago, the Earth's surface was covered by ice, and this was called the "Snowball Event". At that time, the Sanqingshan area was close to the sea but covered by glaciers. After the ice raft (iceberg) fell into the ocean, the material was carried by the ice raft (iceberg) and deposited in the sea forming tillite.

3 华眉山向斜 Huameishan Syncline

华眉山向斜地处华眉山一带,是地层褶皱构造的产物,为复式向斜。分布在向斜的核部地层为距今4.8亿年前(早奥陶世)的条带状灰岩,较老的翼部地层为距今5.2亿年前(晚寒武世)的条带状灰岩。

Huameishan Syncline located in the Huameishan area is composed of composite syncline and its axis direction is northeast to southwest. The core stratum is composed of striped limestone formed 480 million years ago (Early Ordovician) and the wing stratum is composed of striped limestone formed 500 million years ago (Late Cambrian).



4 鹅公岭一下西坑正断层 E'gongling-Xiakeng Normal Fault

鹅公岭一下西坑正断层位于鹅公岭一下西坑一带,它是将三清山分割成以玉京峰为中心的“三角形断块山”的三条正断层的一条,另两条是枫林-紫湖镇断层带和小坑-芭蕉坞断层。



E'gongling-Xiakeng Normal Fault, located in the E'gongling-Xiakeng area, is one of the three normal faults (the other two are Fenglin-Zihu Fault and Xiaokeng-Bajiaowu Fault) which cut Sanqingshan into a triangle block mountain which centers on Yujing Peak.

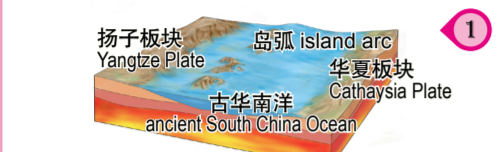
5 条带状灰岩 Striped Limestone



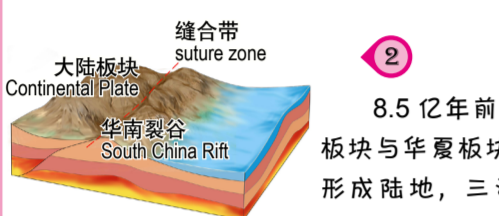
此灰岩形成于距今大约5.4亿年前的寒武纪早期,因其呈灰黑和灰白相间的条带而得名“条带状灰岩”。

The limestone here was formed in the Cambrian Period about 540 million years ago. It is named "Striped Limestone" because of its grayish black and white stripes.

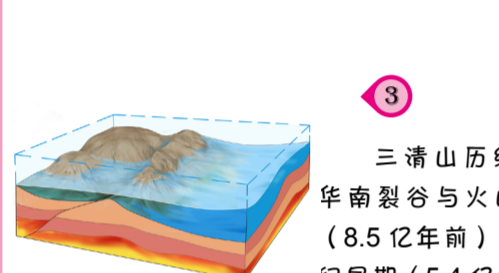
地史演化 Geological History



10亿年前,三清山地区为古华南海的一个岛弧。Billions of years ago, Sanqingshan area was only an island arc in the ancient South China Ocean.



8.5亿年前,扬子板块与华夏板块碰撞,形成陆地,三清山位于大陆板块与华南裂谷之间的缝合带。About 850 million years ago, the land was formed by the collision of the Yangtze and Cathaysian Plates and Sanqingshan was located just at the suture zone between Continental Plate and South China Rift.

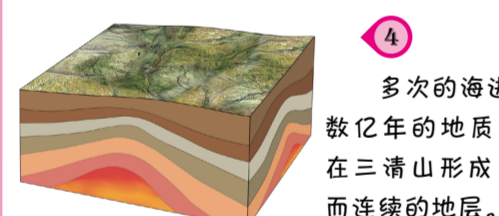


三清山历经了古华南裂谷与火山事件(8.5亿年前),寒武纪早期(5.4亿年前)的缺氧事件,奥陶纪(4.8-4.4亿年前)笔石动物群的繁盛与灭绝,以及加里东造山运动(4.1亿年前)等地质事件。

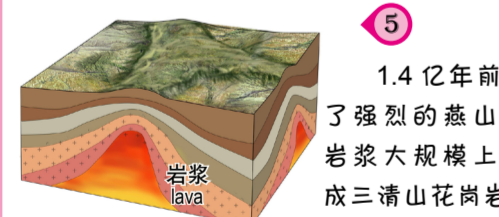
直至2.3亿年前,受印支运动的影响,三清山重新结束了海洋历史,隆升为陆。

Sanqingshan has undergone several major geological events, such as the Ancient South China rift, as well as volcanic events (850 million years ago), anoxic events in the early Cambrian period (540 million years ago), the flourishing and extinction of graptolite fauna during the Ordovician (480-440 million years ago), and the Caledonian movement (410 million years ago).

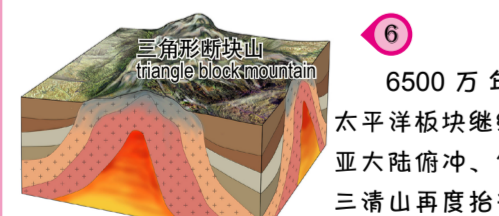
Around 230 million years ago, influenced by the Indosinian movement, Sanqingshan rose and became a continent.



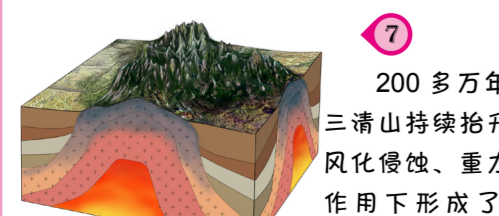
多次的海进海退,数亿年的地质演化,在三清山形成了完整而连续的地层。With several ingressions and regressions, and billions of years of geological evolution, continuous strata were formed in the Sanqingshan area.



1.4亿年前,爆发了强烈的燕山运动,岩浆大规模入侵,形成三清山花岗岩体。About 140 million years ago, due to the Yanshan Movement and magmatic intrusion, Sanqingshan granite rock mass formed.



6500万年前,太平洋板块继续向欧亚大陆俯冲、仰冲,三清山再度抬升,形成三角形断块山,花岗岩体出露地表。Around 65 million years ago, due to the subduction and obduction of the Pacific plate to the Eurasian continent, Sanqingshan rose again and formed a triangle block mountain.



200多万年以来,三清山持续抬升,并在风化侵蚀、重力崩塌等作用下形成了尖峭陡峻、姿态万千的花岗岩峰林、峰丛景观。About 2 million years ago, Sanqingshan rose steadily and formed granite peak forests and clusters as a result of running water erosion, collapse, frost wedging and vegetation weathering.

三清山道教文化 Sanqingshan Taoist Culture

1600余年的道教历史孕育了三清山丰厚的道教文化内涵,遗存的丹炉、丹井、道教古建筑群和石雕石刻都保存完好,是中国古代道教建筑的露天博物馆,为研究道教历史、宗教建筑史和民族文化史提供了不可多得的实物标本。



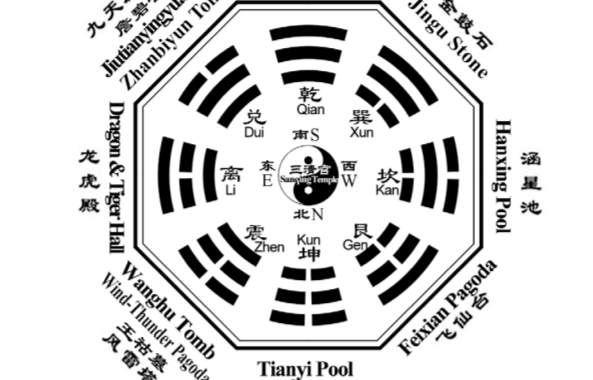
三清山三宝 Three Treasures of Sanqingshan

红茶:三清红茶产自公园及周边海拔1200米以上林区,山高林密,岩石纵横,土质独特,云雾缭绕,有高山老枞、三清小种等优质红茶品种。

剪纸:多层立体剪纸是由多张不同颜色的纸剪刻多层叠加,通过图片处理、分层、画、熏、刻、装裱,最终完成。

Paper-cutting: Multilayer and stereoscopic paper-cut is composed of different paper-cutting in different colors dealing with different procedures such as picture analyzing, hierarchical analyzing, drawing, smoke curing, carving and mounting.

铁皮石斛:在三清山优质自然环境下生长的仿野生铁皮石斛,具有益胃生津、滋阴清热的功能。



The more than 1,600 year history of Taoism gave birth to a rich Taoist culture. Sanqingshan is an open-air museum of ancient Chinese Taoists because of the well preserved furnaces and wells for Taoists, ancient architectural complex and stone inscriptions, which can be used for studying the history of Taoism, religious architecture and national culture.

Black Tea: Sanqinghong is produced in the Sanqingshan Geopark and forests above 1,200 meters around. Due to the high mountain conditions, high-dense covering of forest and the unique soil property, Sanqinghong has different varieties with high quality, such as the Gaoshanlaocong and Sanqingxiaozhong.



Dendrobie: the artificial cultivated dendrobie which grows up in the ascendant natural environment in Sanqingshan, is good for digestive system and respiratory system as traditional Chinese medicinal materials.



游览须知 Travel Information

门票:旺季(2月1日至12月31日):150元/人;淡季(1月1日至1月31日):130元/人。景区旅游意外险:5元/人。索道:旺季:往返:125元/人次(上行:70元/人次,下行:55元/人次);淡季:往返:110元/人次(上行:60元/人次,下行:50元/人次)。运营时间:旺季:非周末:6:30-17:00;周末:6:00-17:30;淡季:8:30-16:30。节假日存在调整,详细游览信息见售票处告示。

Entrance Tickets: Peak-season (From 1 February to 31 December): ¥150.00 CNY/ticket; Off-season (From 1 January to 31 January): ¥130.00 CNY/ticket. Accident Insurance: ¥5.00 CNY/ticket. Cableway Tickets & Work Hours: Peak-season: Return: ¥125.00 CNY/ticket (One way for up: ¥70.00 CNY/ticket; One way for down: ¥55.00 CNY/ticket); Off-season: Return: ¥110.00 CNY/ticket (One way for up: ¥60.00 CNY/ticket; One way for down: ¥50.00 CNY/ticket); Work Hours: Peak-season: 6:30-17:00 (From Monday to Friday); Off-season: 8:30-16:30.

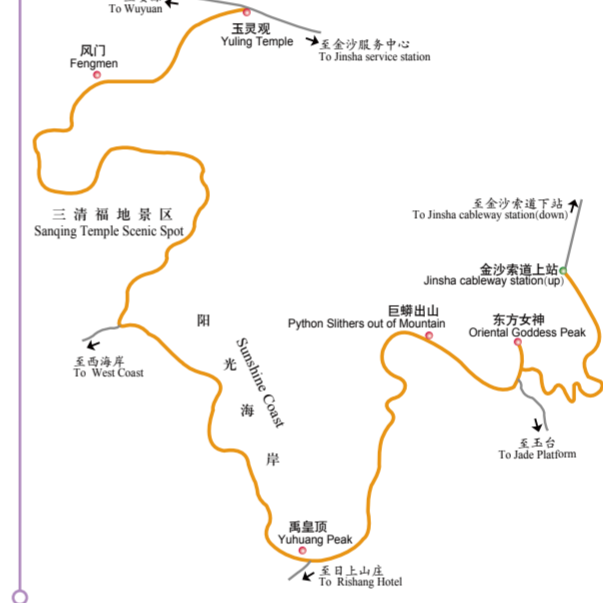
科普旅游线路 Science Popularization Routes

1 花岗岩地质地貌旅游线路 Granite Geology and Landform Route

金沙索道-巨蟒出山-东方女神-杜鹃谷-玉台-一线天-日上山庄-西海岸-阳光海岸-禹皇顶-巨蟒出山-金沙索道。Jinsha Cableway - Python Slithers out of Mountain - Oriental Goddess - Azalea Valley - Jade Platform - A Glimp of Sky - Rishang Hotel - The West Coast - The Sunshine Coast - Yuhuang Peak - Python Crops out of Mountain - Jinsha Cableway.

2 道教文化遗址游览线路 Taoism Cultural Relics Route

玉皇观-风门-三清福地景区-阳光海岸-禹皇顶-巨蟒出山-东方女神-金沙索道。Yuling Temple - Fengmen - Sanqing Temple - The Sunshine Coast - Yuhuang Peak - Python Slithers out of Mountain - Oriental Goddess - Jinsha Cableway.



3 植被垂直分布体验路线 Altitudinal Distribution of Montane Vegetation Belts Route

汾水展示中心-风门-三清福地景区-阳光海岸-日上山庄-外双溪游步道-外双溪游服务区。Fenshui Exhibition Center - Fengmen - Sanqing Temple Scenic Area - The Sunshine Coast - Rishang Hotel - Waishuangxi Footpath - Waishuangxi Service Area.



生物乐园 Home for Living Beings

三清山生物属古北(极)生物地理界中亚热带林省,生物多样性极为丰富,已查明的高等植物2373种,脊椎动物401种,列入IUCN物种红色目录(2003)有45种。更为重要的是,三清山是东亚-北美洲植物物种间断分布的突出范例,拥有68属植物属东亚-北美洲间断分布类型,占中国该类植物属(121属)的56.2%,这些植物为东亚与北美的密切关系和地球历史上板块事件提供了佐证。

Sanqingshan is richly biodiverse. Higher plants identified so far in the geopark comprise 2,373 species, including 401 species of vertebrate, 45 of which have been listed in the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. More importantly, the mountain is an outstanding example of the discontinuous distribution of the East Asian-North America intercontinental plant species; 68 genus of plants belong to the East Asian-North America disjunctive type, accounting for 56.2% of this genus of plants (121) in China. The close relationship between these plants provides evidence for the Earth's history of plate collision.



出行指南 Transportation

- 可乘高铁/火车至上饶站、玉山站下车,乘坐班车前往公园。
- 可乘上饶市带湖路汽车站到三清山外双溪服务区(南部索道)的班车 发车时间:7:00 8:00 9:00 10:30 12:00 13:00 14:00 15:30。
- 可乘玉山县汽车站到三清山外双溪或金沙服务区的班车

- You can take a high-speed train or train and stop at Shangrao Railway Station or Yushan Railway Station, then hop aboard a shuttle bus to the Sanqingshan Geopark.
- You can take a Shuttle bus (From Shangrao Daihu Road Bus Station to Waishuangxi Service Area in Sanqingshan) Departure time: 7:00 8:00 9:00 10:30 12:00 13:00 14:00 15:30
- You can take a Shuttle bus (From Yushan Bus Station to Waishuangxi Service Area or Jinsha Service Area in Sanqingshan)

服务电话 Service Telephone

旅游咨询 Tourism Information	0793-2407066
旅游投诉 Tourism Complaints	0793-2189189
导游服务 Tour Guide Service	13803596762
轿车服务 Sedan Chair Service	15179018866
公安报警 Police	0793-2187110
医疗服务 Medical Service	0793-2180120
物价投诉 Commodity Price Complaints	0793-12358
景区火警 Fire Alarm	0793-2401532
金沙索道 Jinsha Cableway	0793-2407256
外双溪索道 Waishuangxi Cableway	0793-2180029
上饶汽车站 Shangrao Bus Station	0793-8266771
玉山-南部外双溪班车 Yushan-Waishuangxi Shuttle Bus	13767325550
玉山-东部金沙班车 Yushan-Jinsha Shuttle Bus	0793-2235555
婺源汽车站 Wuyuan Bus Station	0793-721494